



WWF Partners for Nature

dbramante1928 & WWF Verdensnaturfonden 2021 - 2026

Annual Report 2022



A Hotspot for Biodiversity

Rwenzori Mountains National Park covers nearly 1,000 square kilometers slopes of the lush Rwenzori Mountains called the Mountains of the Moon.

The national park is categorized as a biodiversity hotspot. However, it is threatened by deforesting and poaching. A high population density with massive growth and a high rate of poverty has left the population with a limited access to farmland, jobs, building resources and firewood. This forces people into the park for illegal logging and poaching.

dbramante1928's support, together with other donors, has contributed to plant 1987 hectares of forest in the buffer zone around the national park.



Reforestation and Improved Livelihoods

WWF restores forests in critical buffer zones surrounding Rwenzori Mountains National Park. Today, almost 2,5 years from the planting of the first trees, it is obvious how the buffer zone forest begins to beautify the landscape.

Our approach to restoring consists of capacity building, volunteering and collaboration. Local farmers in the buffer zones are informed about the possibility of reforestation of their barren land. In parallel we seek to improve the opportunities to sell wooden products and strengthen the local production of wood products.

The project benefits both people and nature while the access to sustainable wood creates alternative and stable livelihoods to the local communities, supporting their incentive for a sustainable use of wood and forest products. Finally, we help to ensure biodiversity and strengthen the landscape's resistance to climate change.



Valuable forest

WWF would like to thank dbramante1928 for their support to reforest the critical buffer zones surrounding Rwenzori Mountains National Park in Uganda. With your help we restore valuable forest which benefits the biodiversity of the area and improves the livelihoods of the local citizens. The donation from dbramante1928 has contributed to following results:

1,145,854 trees (a mix of eucalyptus, pine and indigenous trees) are now planted in the buffer zones of Rwenzori Mountains National Park

1545 local farmers are involved in the reforesting of the buffer zones. We ensure that both the family with a little and with a relatively large amount of land can participate in the reforesting. The participating landowners are trained in tree planting and management, receive seedlings to plant, and joins local cooperatives.

1987 ha forest are restored in the buffer zones surrounding Rwenzori Mountains National Park

An area that corresponds to approximately 2782 football pitches!



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Different species of mammals lives in Rwenzori Mountains National Park. This includes elephants, leopards, duikers and chimpanzees

